

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

GURDEV SINGH,

Petitioner,

vs.

MICHAEL CHERTOFF, et al.,

Respondents.

CASE NO. 08cv464 BTM (JMA)

**ORDER DENYING PETITIONER'S  
MOTION TO AMEND OR  
SUPPLEMENT PETITION**

Petitioner Gurdev Singh moves for leave to amend or supplement his Amended Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus ("Amended Petition") or to supplement his May 5, 2009 Motion to Amend the Judgment. As a third alternative, Petitioner asks that the Court treat his motion as an original petition for writ of habeas corpus. For the reasons discussed below, Petitioner's Motion is **DENIED** with leave to file a new petition.

**I. BACKGROUND**

The Court set out the background of this case in detail in its April 23, 2009 Order Denying Petitioner's Amended Petition. The Court incorporates by reference the facts as set forth there and only briefly notes the subsequent procedural history of the case here.

The Court issued an order in this case denying Petitioner's writ of habeas corpus on April 23, 2009. Final judgment was entered the next day.

On May 5, 2009, Petitioner moved to amend the Court's April 23, 2009 Order, arguing that a recent Ninth Circuit decision, Acala v. Holder, 563 F.3d 1009 (9th Cir. 2009), rendered

1 unavailable the avenue of relief suggested by the Court in its Order and required it to  
2 reconsider its decision. The Court granted that motion in part on September 28, 2009, but  
3 only to remove the Court's suggestion that Petitioner could appeal to the Ninth Circuit—an  
4 option precluded by the holding in Alcala. The remainder of the order denying Petitioner's  
5 Amended Petition was left unchanged.

6 On August 11, 2009 Petitioner filed a pro se motion with the immigration judge  
7 assigned to his case, requesting a new hearing to evaluate the justification for his continued  
8 detention. The IJ's denial of that motion forms the basis of an entirely new claim that  
9 Petitioner wishes to assert here.

10 Petitioner has moved for one of three alternative orders: (1) leave to amend or  
11 supplement the Amended Petition to add a new claim for deprivation of due process under  
12 Mathews v. Eldridge; (2) leave to supplement his May 5, 2009 motion in order to add the  
13 Eldridge claim; or (3) leave to file a new petition for writ of habeas corpus and join it to this  
14 case.

## 15 16 II. STANDARD

17 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 15(d) governs supplemental pleadings regarding  
18 events that have occurred after the date of the original suit. "[T]he court may, on just terms,  
19 permit a party to serve a supplemental pleading setting out any transaction, occurrence, or  
20 event that happened after the date of the pleading to be supplemented." Fed. R. Civ. Proc.  
21 15(d). "While leave to permit supplemental pleading is favored, it cannot be used to  
22 introduce a separate, distinct and new cause of action. Planned Parenthood of Southern  
23 Arizona v. Neely, 130 F.3d 400, 402 (9th Cir. 1997) (internal citations and quotations  
24 omitted); see also 6A Charles Alan Wright, et al., Federal Practice and Procedure § 1509  
25 (1990) (noting that leave to file a supplemental pleading will be denied where "the  
26 supplemental pleading could be the subject of a separate action").

